



### 1. Identification of Substance & Company

#### Product

Product name	Ringfeder Automatic Coupling Oiler
HSNO approval	HSR002602
Approval description	Lubricants (Combustible) Group Standard 2020
UN number	NA
DG class	NA
Proper Shipping Name	NA
Packaging group	NA
Hazchem code	NA
Uses	Lubricant

#### Company Details

Company	Transport Wholesale Limited	
Address	Cnr Ash & Kerrs Road, Wiri, Auckland 2241	PO Box 98971 Manukau City 2241
Telephone	+64 9 980 7300	
Website	www.twlnz.co.nz	

**Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766**

### 2. Hazard Identification

#### Approval

This product is a manufactured product. The substance contained in the oiler is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002602, Lubricants (Combustible) Group Standard 2020), and is classified as follows:

#### GHS Classes

Flammable liquid category 4  
Aspiration category 1

#### Hazard Statements

H227 - Combustible liquid.  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### SYMBOLS

# DANGER



#### Other classification

supplementary hazard: EU066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

#### Precautionary Statements

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P103 - Read label before use.  
P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.  
P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.  
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting."P410 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.



### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Mineral oil ( IP 346 DMSO extract <3%)	proprietary	25-50%
Base oil	64742-55-8	10-25%
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	EC no: 926-141-6	10-25%
Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	1-5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

#### General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

**Recommended first aid facilities** Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

#### Exposure

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if symptoms occur. .

**Eye contact** If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

**Skin contact** If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Remove all contaminated clothing.

**Inhaled** Generally, inhalation of fumes/spray is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.

#### Advice to Doctor

This substance is an aspiration hazard, after vomiting of swallowed product, aspiration into the lungs is possible, which may induce chemical pneumonia.

### 5. Firefighting Measures

**Fire and explosion hazards:** This product is a combustible liquid. This product has the potential to cause fire or to create an additional hazard during fire

**Suitable extinguishing substances:** Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing substances:** Unknown.

**Products of combustion:** Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

**Protective equipment:** Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.

**Hazchem code:** NA

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** If greater than 10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent product from entering environment.

**Emergency procedures** In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain



# Ringfeder Automatic Coupling Oiler

## Safety Data Sheet

<b>Clean-up method</b>	using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).
<b>Disposal</b>	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
<b>Precautions</b>	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

## 7. Storage & Handling

<b>Storage</b>	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
<b>Handling</b>	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respirable particulates and 10mg/m<sup>3</sup> for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient	WES-TWA*	WES-STEL
	mineral oil	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

### Personal Protective Equipment

<b>Eyes</b>	Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it is always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely.
<b>Skin</b>	Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time.
<b>Respiratory</b>	A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

### WES Additional Information

Not applicable

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance</b>	amber coloured liquid
<b>Odour</b>	characteristic
<b>pH</b>	not available
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	not available
<b>Viscosity</b>	27.7mPa.s (@20°C)
<b>Boiling point</b>	not available
<b>Volatile materials</b>	not available
<b>Freezing / melting point</b>	not available
<b>Solubility</b>	insoluble in water
<b>Specific gravity / density</b>	0.855g/cm <sup>3</sup>



# Ringfeder Automatic Coupling Oiler

## Safety Data Sheet

Flash point	>70°C (closed cup)
Danger of explosion	not explosive
Auto-ignition temperature	>200°C
Upper & lower flammable limits	NA
Corrosiveness	non corrosive

### 10. Stability & Reactivity

<b>Stability</b>	This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.
<b>Conditions to be avoided</b>	Combustible substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Do not store above 50°C. Keep away from heat, direct sunlight, open flames, or sparks.
<b>Incompatible groups</b>	Strong oxidisers
<b>Substance Specific Incompatibility</b>	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Nitrogen, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Water.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No specific hazards.
<b>Hazardous reactions</b>	This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

### 11. Toxicological Information

#### Summary

IF SWALLOWED: This substance is an aspiration hazard, after vomiting of swallowed product, aspiration into the lungs is possible, which may induce chemical pneumonia.

IF ON SKIN: may cause mild skin irritation. May dry out the skin causing cracking.

IF INHALED: high concentrations may cause dizziness and drowsiness. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, tiredness and incoordination and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

#### Supporting Data

<b>Acute</b>	<b>Oral</b>	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the calculated LD <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light >15000mg/kg (rat).
	<b>Dermal</b>	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the calculated LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light >3160 mg/kg (rabbit).
<b>Chronic</b>	<b>Inhaled</b>	No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity.
	<b>Eye</b>	The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.
	<b>Skin</b>	The mixture may cause skin dryness and cracking.
	<b>Sensitisation</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
	<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
	<b>Reproductive / Developmental</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
<b>Systemic</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.	
<b>Aggravation of existing conditions</b>	None known.	

### 12. Ecological Data

#### Summary

Highly refined base oil have a very low toxicity towards aquatic organisms. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

#### Supporting Data

<b>Aquatic</b>	Using EC <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the calculated EC <sub>50</sub> for the mixture is between 1 mg/L and 10 mg/L. Data considered includes: hydrocarbon based oils >100mg/L.
<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	No data
<b>Degradability</b>	No data
<b>Soil</b>	No evidence of soil toxicity.
<b>Terrestrial vertebrate</b>	This mixture is not considered harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates.
<b>Terrestrial invertebrate</b>	No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.
<b>Biocidal</b>	no data
<b>Environmental effect levels</b>	No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients



### 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Restrictions</b>	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
<b>Disposal method</b>	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

### 14. Transport Information

#### Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

<b>UN number:</b>	NA	<b>Proper shipping name:</b>	NA
<b>Class(es)</b>	NA	<b>Packing group:</b>	NA
<b>Precautions:</b>	NA	<b>Hazchem code:</b>	NA

### 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002602, Lubricants (Combustible) Group Standard 2020.

All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

#### Specific Controls

Key requirements are:

SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bundling & secondary containment	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Location compliance certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	If > 500L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



### 16. Other Information

#### Abbreviations

<b>Approval Code</b>	Approval HSR002602, Lubricants (Combustible) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. <a href="http://www.epa.govt.nz">www.epa.govt.nz</a>
<b>CAS Number</b>	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
<b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
<b>EPA</b>	Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)
<b>HAZCHEM Code</b>	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
<b>HSNO</b>	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer
<b>LEL</b>	Lower Explosive Limit
<b>LD<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
<b>LC<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
<b>MSDS (SDS)</b>	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
<b>STEL</b>	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
<b>TWA</b>	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
<b>UEL</b>	Upper Explosive Limit
<b>UN Number</b>	United Nations Number
<b>WES</b>	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the workers breathing zone.

#### References

<b>Data</b>	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
<b>EPA Transfer Gazettes</b>	Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004)
<b>WES</b>	The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – <a href="http://www.worksafe.govt.nz">www.worksafe.govt.nz</a> .
<b>Other References:</b>	Suppliers SDS

#### Review

Date	Reason for review
February 2022	Not applicable – new SDS

#### Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email [info@datachem.co.nz](mailto:info@datachem.co.nz) or phone: +64 21 1040951.

