

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Ringfeder Coupling Oil, Aerosol

HSNO approval HSR002515

Approval description Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

UN number 1950 DG class 2.1

Proper Shipping Name AEROSOL
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA
Uses Lubricant

Company Details

Company Transpecs New Zealand

Address Cnr Ash & Kerrs Road, PO Box 98971
Wiri, Auckland Manukau City

2241 2241

Telephone+64 9 980 7300Websitewww.transpecs.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020), and is classified as follows:

GHS Classes Hazard Statements

Aerosol cat 1 H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Aquatic chronic cat 2 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SYMBOLS

DANGER



HSNO Classes Hazard Statements

2.1.2A H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

6.3B H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

9.1B H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P410 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.





Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Mineral oil (IP 346 DMSO extract <3%)	proprietary	30-60%
Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillates	68512-91-4	10-30%
Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10-30%
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	68425-15-0	1-5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if symptoms

occur.

Eye contact

If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Flush immediately with large

amounts of water. Remove all contaminated clothing.

Inhaled

Generally, inhalation of fumes/spray is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Spray/Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many

> sources such as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity. This product has the potential to cause fire or to create an additional hazard during fire. Containers may vent, rupture or burst at high temperatures (>50°C). The dispensed

product is not combustible.

Suitable extinguishing

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam.

Unknown.

substances:

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment:

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

Accidental Release Measures

Containment

Emergency procedures

If greater than 3000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent product from entering environment. In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council

immediately).

Clean-up method Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

Page 2 of 6 November 2020

Product Name: Ringfeder Coupling Oil, Aerosol



clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food.

Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location compliance certificates must be available if storing greater than 3000 L of flammable aerosols. Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number,

flammability warning and name of contents.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Do not puncture or

incinerate containers.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of $3mg/m^3$ for respirable particulates and $10mg/m^3$ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA* WES-STEL

Exposure Stds mineral oil 5mg/m³ 10mg/m³

Puters

butane 800ppm, 1900mg/m³ Data unavailable. propane Asphyxiant Data unavailable.

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if spray is

close to the eye.

Skin If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or

sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions,

use gloves.

Respiratory A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). If using a

respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and

are in good working order.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance amber coloured liquid contained in an aerosol

Odouroil odourpHnot availableVapour pressurenot available

Viscosity 6.5-7mPa.s (@20°C)

Boiling point not available
Volatile materials not available
Freezing / melting point not available
Solubility insoluble in water

Specific gravity / density 0.823g/cm³

Page 3 of 6 November 2020

Product Name: Ringfeder Coupling Oil, Aerosol



Flash point <0°C (closed cup)

Danger of explosion aerosol **Auto-ignition temperature** >200°C **Upper & lower flammable limits** NA

Corrosiveness non corrosive

Stability & Reactivity

Stability This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. This

product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Do not puncture

or incinerate containers. Do not store above 50°C. Keep away from heat, direct sunlight,

open flames, or sparks. Dropping may cause bursting.

Incompatible groups Aerosols are incompatible with explosives, flammable liquids, flammable solids, oxidising

materials. This product should be kept in a cool place below 30°C. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should

be flame proofed.

Substance Specific Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Nitrogen,

and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Water.

No specific hazards.

This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. This

product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

Toxicological Information

IF ON SKIN: may cause mild skin irritation. May dry out the skin causing cracking.

F INHALED: high concentrations may cause dizziness and drowsiness. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, tiredness and incoordination and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light >15000mg/kg

(rat), Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl > 2 500 mg/kg bw (no mortality).

Dermal Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light >3160 mg/kg

(rabbit), Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl > 2 000 mg/kg bw (no mortality).

Inhaled No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity.

Eye The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a mild skin irritant, because petroleum naphtha present

is considered a skin irritants in more concentrated form.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known. existing conditions

12. **Ecological Data**

Summary

This mixture is considered toxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 mg/L and

10 mg/L. Data considered includes: Petroleum naphtha, hydrotreated light 2200mg/L

(96hr, fish), 2.6 mg/L (96hr, Crustacea).

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

No evidence of soil toxicity. Soil

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates.

Page 4 of 6 November 2020

Product Name: Ringfeder Coupling Oil, Aerosol



Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no date

Environmental effect levelsNo EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packagingDisposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Do not puncture of incinerate containers. Send empty

canisters to landfill.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

UN number: 1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOL Class(es) 2.1 Packing group: NA Precautions: Flammable aerosol Hazchem code: NA

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020.

All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Labelling No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.

Emergency plan Required if > 3000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required.

Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 3000L is stored.

Signage Required if > 3000L is stored in any one location.

Location compliance certificate Required if > 3000L is stored in any one location.

Flammable zone Must be established if > 3000L is stored.

Fire extinguisher If > 3000L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval HSR002515, Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. **Approval Code**

www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC₅₀

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency **HAZCHEM Code**

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

Upper Explosive Limit UFI **UN Number United Nations Number**

Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical WES

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the workers breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA Transfer Gazettes Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004) **WES**

The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review **April 2020** Not applicable - new SDS

Nov 2020 New Group standard, now logo and company name.

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

